

# Erratum: “Numerical study of Alfvén eigenmodes in the Experimental Advanced Superconducting Tokamak” [Phys. Plasmas 21, 052510 (2014)]

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After Eq. (15) in Ref. [1], the definition of the normalized pressure gradient  $\alpha$  is given by

$$\alpha = -R_0 q^2 \frac{1}{B_0^2 / 8\pi} \frac{dp}{dr}, \quad (1)$$

which is the definition of  $\alpha$  in the Gauss unit system. However SI units were used in this article, thus Eq. (1) is wrong in this context. The correct definition is given by the following form

$$\alpha = -R_0 q^2 \frac{1}{B_0^2 / 2\mu_0} \frac{dp}{dr}. \quad (2)$$

The numerical values of  $\alpha$  presented in the article are correct because when calculating  $\alpha$ , I identified  $p / (B_0^2 / 8\pi)$  as the normalized pressure  $\bar{p}$ , and  $\bar{p}$  was calculated using the correct formula  $\bar{p} = p / (B_0^2 / 2\mu_0)$ .

In the paper, the configuration of EAST discharge #38300 at 3.9s was said to be a double-null configuration. After the publication of the paper, I checked the Webscope data and found the configuration is actually a single-null configuration because  $dR_{\text{sep}} \approx -1.2\text{cm}$ , where  $dR_{\text{sep}}$  is defined as the radial distance at the low-field-side midplane between the flux surfaces connected to the lower and upper X-points, i.e.,  $dR_{\text{sep}} = R_{\text{low}} - R_{\text{upper}}$ . For EAST device, configuration with  $|dR_{\text{sep}}| < 1\text{cm}$  is considered to be a double-null configuration, otherwise it is a single-null configuration.

## Bibliography

- [1] Youjun Hu, Guoqiang Li, N. N. Gorelenkov, Huishan Cai, Wenjun Yang, Deng Zhou, and Qilong Ren. Numerical study of alfvén eigenmodes in the experimental advanced superconducting tokamak. *Physics of Plasmas (1994-present)*, 21(5):052510, 2014.